New Zealand's new Patents Act 2013 The key differences between the Patents Act 1953 and the new Act

September 2014

At a glance

The New Zealand Patents Act 2013 came into force on 13 September 2014.

Key differences between the law under the former Patents Act 1953 and the new Act are summarised in the table below. The most significant changes relate to:

- more stringent examination
- third party challenges
- subject matter exclusions
- divisional applications
- timing and deadlines.

Which act applies?

Transitional provisions are based on the actual NZ filing date, either actual filing in NZ as a convention or nonconvention application, or the national phase entry date in NZ as set out in the table below:

Type of application/patent	Patents Act 1953	Patents Act 2013
PCT applications	If entered national phase in NZ before 13 September 2014	If entered national phase in NZ after 13 September 2014
Non-PCT applications	If application with complete specification filed in NZ before 13 September 2014	If application with complete specification filed in NZ after 13 September 2014
Divisional applications	If NZ parent application filed under the 1953 Act	If NZ parent application filed under the 2013 Act
Granted patents (see below)	None	All granted patents, but some provisions of the 1953 Act continue to apply to patents filed under the 1953 Act

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New Zealand		New Zealand		Australia		intellectual property

What are the key changes made by the new Act?

The key changes are summarised in the table below:

	Patents Act 1953	Patents Act 2013	
Applicant	Right to apply needed	Right to grant needed	
Examination	Automatic, no fee, no deferral	Must be requested within 2 months of receiving a direction or within 5 years of international filing date, whichever is sooner Fee applies	
Grounds of examination	Novelty	Novelty, inventive step, utility	
Novelty standard	Local: Prior art base limited to documents and actions made public in NZ (including online documents)	Absolute: Prior art base includes documents and actions made public anywhere	
Acceptance deadline	15 months, with a 3 month extension (an absolute deadline but the examiner has discretion to extend)	12 months, no extension	
Patentability threshold	Applicants given benefit of the doubt	Balance of probabilities	
Support for claims	Claims fairly based on matter disclosed in specification	Claims supported by matter disclosed in specification	
Conflicting applications	Prior claiming	Whole of contents (novelty only), no anti self-collision provisions	
Utility requirement	None	Specific, credible and substantial use	
Infringement exemption	Regulatory use	Regulatory use, experimental use, priouse	
Contributory infringement provisions	No	Yes	
Divisional applications	Must be filed before acceptance of parent; Daisy chaining available	Must be filed before acceptance of patent; all divisional applications must be filed within 5 years of international filing date	
Third party challenges	Pre-grant opposition	Pre-grant opposition	
before the Commissioner	Post-grant revocation (available for 12 months)	Pre- and post-grant re-examination Post-grant revocation (any time during patent term)	



Publication of specification	At acceptance	18 months after filing
Maintenance fees before grant	Not required	Annual, starting 4 years from filing date, before grant; late fees apply
Renewal fees after grant	4, 7, 10 and 13 years from filing; no late fees	Annual, starting 4 years from filing date, after grant; late fees apply
Exclusions to	No statutory exclusions: common law exclusions on methods of human treatment, office practice to object to human beings	Human beings
patentability		Methods of human treatment, and diagnosis practiced on humans
		Plant varieties
		Computer programs 'as such'
		Inventions where commercial exploitation is contrary to public order or morality
		Inventions derived from Māori traditional knowledge, indigenous plants or animals where commercial exploitation is likely to be contrary to Māori values

Granted patents

All granted patents are subject to the provisions of the 2013 Act including the new procedures for challenging a patent. However, the 2013 Act provides that re-examination and revocation of a patent granted under the 1953 Act will be limited to the grounds provided for revocation under the 1953 Act, not the new grounds available under the 2013 Act.

The next renewal fee due is payable as per the 1953 schedule, but at the new 2013 Act rate. Renewal fees are then payable annually for the remaining life of the patent, under the 2013 Act. More information can be found in our information sheet setting out the changes to annual renewal fees and introduction of pre-grant maintenance fees.

Further information

Please contact us if you have questions about the Patents Act 2013 and how it might affect you.

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